

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

Plaintiff,

No. 09-20288

-VS-

HON. Gerald E. Rosen

OFFENSE: 18U.S.C.§666(A)(1)(B), BRIBERY CONCERNING PROGRAMS RECEIVING

FEDERAL FUNDS

D-1, LETICIA BOSEMON

STATUTORY MAXIMUM PENALTIES: 10 years imprisonment and a \$250,000 fine

## **RULE 11 PLEA AGREEMENT**

Pursuant to Rule 11 of the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure, defendant and the government agree as follows:

### 1. GUILTY PLEA

### A. Count of Conviction

Defendant will enter a plea of guilty to <u>Count 1 of the information</u>, which charges bribery concerning programs receiving Federal funds, in violation of 18 U.S.C.§666(a)(1)(B), and for which the penalty is 10 years imprisonment and/or a \$250,000 fine.

### B. Elements of Offense

The elements of Count 1 are: 1) defendant was an agent of a state, local or tribal

government, or an agency of a state, local or tribal government that received federal assistance in excess of \$10,000 in a one-year period within twelve months before or after the commission of the offense; 2)the Federal assistance was under a Federal program involving a grant, contract, subsidy, loan, guarantee, insurance or other form of Federal assistance; 3) defendant solicited or demanded for the benefit of any person, or accepted or agreed to accept, a thing of value from any person; 4) defendant intended to be influenced or rewarded in connection with a transaction or series of transactions of the organization or agency that involved \$5,000 or more; 5) defendant acted corruptly.

#### C. Factual Basis for Guilty Plea

The following facts are a sufficient and accurate basis for defendant's guilty plea:

Beginning in the fall of 2006 and continuing until June, 2008, LETICIA BOSEMON, while employed in the Residential Sales Certificate of Occupancy Program of the City of Dearborn Building and Safety Department, devised and operated a scheme to obtain money by creating fraudulent performance bonds and issuing fraudulent temporary certificates of occupancy on behalf of the DBSD for approximately 100 residential properties in the City of Dearborn.

The City of Dearborn requires a purchaser of a foreclosed home to either place cash in escrow with the DBSD equal to the cost of bringing the property up to code or to obtain a performance bond in that amount from a private surety company. The DBSD issues a temporary certificate of occupancy, which allows the buyer to finalize the purchase of the dwelling, only after the cash is placed in escrow or the performance bond is obtained.

Upon successful completion of the repairs, escrow monies are disbursed back to the property owner and a final certificate of occupancy is issued. An individual who obtains the temporary certificate of occupancy by posting a performance bond does not recover the cost of the bond, which may range from 2½% to 6% of the amount guaranteed by the bond.

The individuals who purchased the fraudulent documents from BOSEMON paid her less than they would have been charged by private surety companies for the legitimate performance bonds required by the City of Dearborn. BOSEMON accepted in excess of \$63,000 in payments from more than 50 individuals in return for providing them with fraudulent performance bonds and fraudulent temporary certificates of occupancy. During each calendar year from 2006 to 2008, BOSEMON received more than \$5,000 in payments for the fraudulent documents.

From 2006 through 2008 the City of Dearborn received in excess of \$10,000 per year in grants from the Department of Housing and Urban Development.

#### 2. SENTENCING GUIDELINES

#### Standard of Proof Α.

The Court will find sentencing factors by a preponderance of the evidence.

#### B. **Agreed Guideline Range**

There are no sentencing guideline disputes. Except as provided below, defendant's guideline range is 30-37 months, as set forth on the attached worksheets. If the Court finds:

- a) that defendant's criminal history category is higher than reflected on the attached worksheets, or
- b) that the offense level should be higher because, after pleading guilty, defendant made any false statement to or withheld information from her probation officer; otherwise demonstrated a lack of acceptance of responsibility for her offense(s); or obstructed justice or committed any crime,

and if any such finding results in a guideline range higher than 30-37months, the higher guideline range becomes the agreed range. However, if the Court finds that defendant is a career offender, an armed career criminal, or a repeat and dangerous sex offender as defined under the sentencing guidelines or other federal law, and that finding is not already reflected in the attached worksheets, this paragraph does not authorize a corresponding increase in the agreed range.

Neither party may take a position concerning the applicable guidelines that is different than any position of that party as reflected in the attached worksheets, except as necessary to the Court's determination regarding subsections a) and b), above.

#### 3. SENTENCE

The Court will impose a sentence pursuant to 18 U.S.C. §3553, and in doing so must consider the sentencing guideline range.

#### Α. **Imprisonment**

Pursuant to Federal Rule of Criminal Procedure 11(c)(1)(C) the sentence of imprisonment in this case may not exceed the mid-point of the sentencing guideline range as determined by Paragraph 2B.

#### B. Supervised Release

A term of supervised release, if imposed, follows the term of imprisonment. There is no agreement on supervised release. In other words, the Court may impose any term of supervised release up to the statutory maximum term, which in this case is 3 years. The agreement concerning imprisonment described above in Paragraph 3A does not apply to any term of imprisonment that results from any later revocation of supervised release.

#### C. **Special Assessment**

Defendant will pay a special assessment of \$100 and must provide the government with a receipt for the payment before sentence is imposed.

#### D. Fine

The Court may impose a fine on each count of conviction in any amount up to \$60,000.

#### E. Restitution

Restitution is not applicable to this case.

#### 4. **Use of Withdrawn Guilty Plea**

If the Court allows defendant to withdraw her guilty plea for a "fair and just reason" pursuant to Fed. R. Crim. P. 11(d)(2)(B), defendant waives her rights under Fed. R. Evid. 410, and the government may use her guilty plea, any statement made under oath at the change-of-plea hearing, and the factual basis statement in this plea agreement, against her in any proceeding.

## 5. OTHER CHARGES

If the Court accepts this agreement, the government will not bring additional charges against defendant based on any of the conduct reflected in the attached worksheets.

### 6. Each Party's Right To Withdraw From This Agreement

The government may withdraw from this agreement if the Court finds the correct guideline range to be different than is determined by Paragraph 2B.

Defendant may withdraw from this agreement, and may withdraw her guilty plea, if the Court decides to impose a sentence higher than the maximum allowed by Part 3. This is the only reason for which defendant may withdraw from this agreement. The Court shall advise defendant that if she does not withdraw her guilty plea under this circumstance, the Court may impose a sentence greater than the maximum allowed by Part 3.

### 7. WAIVER OF RIGHT TO APPEAL

If the sentence imposed does not exceed the maximum allowed by Part 3 of this agreement, defendant waives any right she has to appeal her conviction or sentence. If the sentence imposed is within the guideline range determined by Paragraph 2B the government agrees not to appeal the sentence, but retains its right to appeal any sentence below that range.

### 8. Consequences of Withdrawal of Guilty Plea or Vacation of Conviction

If defendant is allowed to withdraw her guilty plea or if any conviction entered pursuant to this agreement is vacated, the Court shall, on the government's request, reinstate any charges that were dismissed as part of this agreement. If additional charges are filed against defendant within six months after the date the order vacating defendant's conviction or allowing her to withdraw her guilty plea becomes final, which charges relate directly or indirectly to the conduct underlying the guilty plea or to any conduct reflected in the attached worksheets, defendant waives her right to challenge the additional charges on the ground that they were not filed in a timely manner, including any claim that they were filed after the limitations period expired.

#### 9. PARTIES TO PLEA AGREEMENT

Unless otherwise indicated, this agreement does not bind any government agency except the United States Attorney's Office for the Eastern District of Michigan.

#### 10. SCOPE OF PLEA AGREEMENT

This agreement, which includes all documents that it explicitly incorporates, is the complete agreement between the parties. It supersedes all other promises, representations, understandings, and agreements between the parties concerning the subject matter of this plea agreement that are made at any time before the guilty plea is entered in court. Thus, no oral or written promises made by the government to defendant or to the attorney for defendant at any time before defendant pleads guilty are binding

except to the extent they have been explicitly incorporated into this agreement.

This agreement does not prevent any civil or administrative actions against defendant, or any forfeiture claim against any property, by the United States or any other party.

#### 11. ACCEPTANCE OF AGREEMENT BY DEFENDANT

This plea offer expires unless it has been received, fully signed, in the Office of the United States Attorney by 5:00 P.M. on June 3,2009. The government reserves the right to modify or revoke this offer at any time before defendant pleads guilty.

Assistant United States Attorney

Chief, Special Prosecutions Unit

United States Attornev

PAMELA THOMPSON

Assistant United States Attorney

Date: 5.19,09

By signing below, defendant acknowledges that she has read (or been read) this entire document, understands it, and agrees to its terms. She also acknowledges that she is satisfied with her attorney's advice and representation. Defendant agrees that she has had a full and complete opportunity to confer with her lawyer, and has had all of her questions answered by her lawyer.

LOREN DICKSTEIN

Attorney for Defendant

Łeticia Bosemon

Defendant

Date:

# **WORKSHEET A (Offense Levels)**

Defend	dant: <u>Leticio</u>	a Bosemon	Count(s): Count	
Docke	t No.:		Statute(s) 18 USCS	666(a)(1)(B)
count of	conviction) before applying if the counts of conviction ar	the multiple-count rules in U.S.S	account relevant conduct and treating each stig.G. ch. 3, pt. D. However, in any case involver within the meaning of U.S.S.G. § 3D1.2(c)	ing multiple counts of con-
1.	BASE OFFENSE I	LEVEL AND SPECIFIC	OFFENSE CHARACTERISTIC	(U.S.S.G. ch. 2)
	<b>Guideline Section</b>		<u>Description</u>	Levels
	3C1.1(a)(i)	Baselevel (p	oblic official)	_ [14]
2	(CL.1 (b)(1)	Morethan	one bribe	
0	( <u>C1.1(b)</u> (a)	Increase for per \$ 2 B 1.1	v amount of bribe (b)(1)(D) > \$30,000	<u>5</u> 6
•				
2.	ADJUSTMENTS (	U.S.S.G. ch. 3, pts. A, B	, C)	
	Guideline Section		<b>Description</b>	Levels
3.	ADJUSTED OFFE	NSE LEVEL		
	of conviction (taking into a		If this Worksheet A does not cover every coting each stipulated offense as a separate courand a single Worksheet B.	
		*****	******	
	If this is the only Wo	orksheet A, check this box	and skip Worksheet B.	
	If the defendant has	no criminal history, chec	k this box and skip Worksheet C.	

## **WORKSHEET B** (Multiple Counts)

## Instructions (U.S.S.G. ch. 3, pt. D):

- Group the counts of conviction into distinct Groups of Closely Related Counts. "All counts involving substantially the same harm shall be grouped together into a single Group." (See U.S.S.G. § 3D1.2.)
- Determine the offense level applicable to each Group. (See U.S.S.G. § 3D1.3.)
- Determine the combined offense level by assigning "units" to each Group as follows (see U.S.S.G. § 3D1.4):
  - assign 1 unit to the Group with the highest offense level,
  - assign 1 unit to each additional Group that is equally serious as, or 1 to 4 levels less serious than, the Group with the highest offense level,
  - assign ½ unit to each Group that is 5 to 8 levels less serious than the Group with the highest offense level,
  - assign no units to each Group that is 9 or more levels less serious than the Group with the highest offense level.

1.	GROUP ONE: COUNTS			unit
	ADJUSTED OFFENSE LEVE			
2.	GROUP TWO: COUNTS ADJUSTED OFFENSE LEVE			unit
3.	GROUP THREE: COUNTS ADJUSTED OFFENSE LEVE			unit
4.	GROUP FOUR: COUNTS _ ADJUSTED OFFENSE LEVE		unit	
5.	TOTAL UNITS			units
6.	Increase in Offense Li	EVEL		
	1 unit → no increase 1½ units → add 1 level 2 units → add 2 levels	$2\frac{1}{2}$ -3 units → add 3 levels $3\frac{1}{2}$ -5 units → add 4 levels >5 levels → add 5 levels		
7.	ADJUSTED OFFENSE LEVEL OF GROUP WITH THE HIGHEST OFFENSE LEVEL			
8.	COMBINED ADJUSTI	ED OFFENSE LEVEL		
	Enter the sum of the offense levels en			

## WORKSHEET C (Criminal History)

Date of defe	endant's commencement of the instant offense (	(taking into account relevant	conduct and stipulated
offenses):			

### 1. PRIOR SENTENCES

## Prior Sentence of Imprisonment Exceeding 13 Months (U.S.S.G. §§ 4A1.1(a)): 3 POINTS

Enter 3 points for each prior adult sentence of imprisonment exceeding one year and one month that either (1) was imposed within 15 years of the defendant's commencement of the instant offenses (taking into account relevant conduct and stipulated offenses) or (2) resulted in the defendant's confinement during any part of that 15-year period. (See U.S.S.G. §§ 4A1.1(a), 4A1.2(d)(1), (e)(1).)

## Prior Sentence of Imprisonment of at Least 60 Days (U.S.S.G. §§ 4A1.1(b)): 2 POINTS

Enter 2 points for each prior sentence of imprisonment of at least 60 days not counted under U.S.S.G. § 4A1.1(a) that either (1) resulted from an offense committed after the defendant turned 18 and was imposed within 10 years of the defendant's commencement of the instant offense (taking into account relevant conduct and stipulated offenses) (see U.S.S.G. §§ 4A1.1(b), 4A1.2(e)(2)) or (2) resulted from an offense committed before the defendant turned 18 and resulted in the defendant's confinement during any part of the 5-year period preceding the defendant's commencement of the instant offense (see U.S.S.G. §§ 4A1.1(b), 4A1.2(d)(2)(A)).

## Other Prior Sentences (U.S.S.G. §§ 4A1.1(c)):

1 POINT

Enter 1 point for each prior sentence not counted under U.S.S.G. § 4A1.1(a) or (b) that either (1) resulted from an offense committed after the defendant turned 18 and was imposed within 10 years of the defendant's commencement of the instant offense (taking into account relevant conduct and stipulated offenses) (see U.S.S.G. §§ 4A1.1(c), 4A1.2(e)(2)) or (2) resulted from an offense committed before the defendant turned 18 and was imposed within 5 years of the defendant's commencement of the instant offense (taking into account relevant conduct and stipulated offenses) (see U.S.S.G. §§ 4A1.1(c), 4A1.2(d)(2)(B)). NOTE: No more than 4 points may be added under this item.

Date of Imposition	Status*	Offense	<u>Sentence</u>	Release <u>Date**</u>	<b>Points</b>

<sup>\*</sup> If the defendant committed the offense before turning 18, indicate whether he or she was sentenced as a juvenile (J) or as an adult (A).

(rev. 06/99)

<sup>\*\*</sup> A release date is required in only three situations: (1) when a sentence covered under U.S.S.G. § 4A1.1(a) was imposed more than 15 years before the defendant's commencement of the instant offense (taking into account relevant conduct and stipulated offenses) but resulted in his or her confinement during any part of that 15-year period; (2) when a sentence counted under U.S.S.G. § 4A1.1(b) was imposed for an offense com-mitted before the defendant turned 18 but resulted in his or her confinement during any part of the 5-year period preceding his or her commence-ment of the instant offense (taking into account relevant conduct and stipulated offenses); and (3) when 2 criminal history points are added pur-suant to U.S.S.G. § 4A1.1(e) because the defendant committed the instant offense (taking into account relevant conduct and stipulated offenses) shortly after or during imprisonment resulting from a sentence counted under U.S.S.G. § 4A1.1(a) or (b) or while he or she was on escape status for such a sentence.

(WORKSHEET C, p. 2)

while under any criminal justice sentence h imprisonment, work release, and escape sta	any part of the instant offense (taking into account naving a custodial or supervisory component, incluatus. (See U.S.S.G. §§ 4A1.1(d), 4A1.2(m), (n).)	ding probation, parole, supervised
sentence from which it resulted.		
COMMISSION OF INSTANT (U.S.S.G. § 4A1.1(e))	OFFENSE SHORTLY AFTER OR	DURING IMPRISONMI
either less than 2 years after release from ir imprisonment or escape status on such a se	any part of the instant offense (taking into account imprisonment on a sentence counted under U.S.S.G. entence. However enter, only 1 point for this item date of release and identify the sentence from which	. §§ 4A1.1(a) or 4A1.1(b) or while if 2 points were added under Item
4A1.1(a), (b), or (c) because such sentence But enter no points where the sentences are 4A1.1(f), 4A1.2(p).) Identify the crimes of	ting from a conviction for a crime of violence that ce was considered related to another sentence resulting the considered related because the offenses occurred fivilence and briefly cyplain why the cases are confidence.	ng from a conviction for a crime o on the same occasion. (See U.S.S
points may be added under this item.	i violence and briefly explain why the cases are co	nsidered related. NOTE: No more
points may be added under this item.	i violence and briefly explain why the cases are co	nsidered related. NOTE: No more
TOTAL CRIMINAL HISTOR		nsidered related. NOTE: No more
	XY POINTS	nsidered related. NOTE: No more
TOTAL CRIMINAL HISTOR  Enter the sum of the criminal history points	SY POINTS s entered in Items 1-4.	nsidered related. NOTE: No more
TOTAL CRIMINAL HISTOR	SY POINTS s entered in Items 1-4.	nsidered related. NOTE: No more
Enter the sum of the criminal history points  CRIMINAL HISTORY CA  Total Criminal History Points $0-1$	RY POINTS as entered in Items 1-4.  ATEGORY  Criminal History Category	nsidered related. NOTE: No more
TOTAL CRIMINAL HISTOR  Enter the sum of the criminal history points  CRIMINAL HISTORY CA  Total Criminal History Points	AY POINTS s entered in Items 1-4.  ATEGORY  Criminal History Category	nsidered related. NOTE: No more

# WORKSHEET D (Guideline Range)

1.	(COMBINED) ADJUSTED OFFENSE LEVEL	72
	Enter the adjusted offense level entered in Item 3 of Worksheet A or the combined adjusted offense level entered in Item 8 of Worksheet B.	22
2.	ADJUSTMENT FOR ACCEPTANCE OF RESPONSIBILITY (U.S.S.G § 3E1.1)	-3
3.	TOTAL OFFENSE LEVEL	1.0
	Enter the difference between Items 1 and 2.	19
4.	CRIMINAL HISTORY CATEGORY	
	Enter "I" if the defendant has no criminal history. Otherwise, enter the criminal history category entered in Item 6 of Worksheet C.	7
5.	CAREER OFFENDER / CRIMINAL LIVELIHOOD / ARMED CAREER CRIMINAL (U.S.S.G. ch. 4, pt. B)	
	a. Total Offense Level: If the career offender provision (U.S.S.G. § 4B1.1), the criminal livelihood provision (U.S.S.G. § 4B1.3), or the armed career criminal provision (U.S.S.G. § 4B1.4) results in a total offense level higher than the total offense level entered in Item 3, enter the higher offense level total.	
entered i	b. <u>Criminal History Category</u> : If the career offender provision (U.S.S.G. § 4B1.1) or the armed career criminal provision (U.S.S.G. § 4B1.4) results in a criminal history category higher than the criminal history category n Item 4, enter the higher criminal history category.	
6.	GUIDELINE RANGE FROM SENTENCING TABLE (U.S.S.G. ch. 5, pt. A)	
	Enter the guideline range in the Sentencing Table (see U.S.S.G. ch. 5, pt. A) produced by the total offense level entered in Item 3 or 5.a and the criminal history category entered in Item 4 or 5.b.	0.37 months
7.	STATUTORY RESTRICTIONS ON OR SUPERSESSION OF GUIDELINE RANGE	
	If the maximum sentence authorized by statute is below, or a minimum sentence required by statute is above, the guideline range entered in Item 6, enter either the guideline range as restricted by statute or the sentence required by statute. (See U.S.S.G. § 5G1.1.) If the sentence on any count of conviction is required by statute to be consecutive to the sentence on any other count of conviction, explain why.	months

# **WORKSHEET E** (Authorized Guideline Sentences)

## 1. PROBATION (U.S.S.G. ch. 5, pt. B)

	,	a.	Imposition of a Term of Probation (U.S.S.G. § 5B1.1)
		1.	Probation is not authorized by the guidelines (minimum of guideline range > 6 months or statute of conviction is a Class A or a Class B felony). If this box is checked, go to Item 2 (Split Sentence).
		2.	Probation is authorized by the guidelines (minimum of guideline range = zero months).
		3.	Probation is authorized by the guidelines, provided the court imposes a condition or combination of conditions requiring intermittent confinement, community confinement, or home detention satisfying the minimum of the guideline range (minimum of guideline range $> 0$ months but $\le 6$ months).
		b.	Length of Term of Probation (U.S.S.G. § 5B1.2)
		1.	At least 1 year but not more than 5 years (total offense level ≥ 6).
		2.	No more than 3 years (total offense level < 6).
		c.	Conditions of Probation (U.S.S.G. § 5B1.3)
			The court must impose certain conditions of probation and may impose other conditions of probation
2.	SPLI	гSі	ENTENCE (U.S.S.G. § 5C1.1(c)(2), (d)(2))
		a.	A split sentence is not authorized (minimum of guideline range = $0$ months or $> 10$ months).
		b.	A split sentence is authorized (minimum of guideline range $> 0$ months but $\le 10$ months). The court may impose a sentence of imprisonment that includes a term of supervised release with a condition that substitutes community confinement or home detention for imprisonment, provided that at least one-half of the minimum of the guideline range is satisfied by imprisonment (if the minimum of the guideline range is 8, 9, or 10 months), or that at least one month is satisfied by imprisonment (if the minimum of the guideline range is 1, 2, 3, 4, or 6 months). The authorized length of the term of supervised release is set forth below in Item 4.b

## 3. IMPRISONMENT (U.S.S.G. ch. 5, pt. C)

A term of imprisonment is authorized by the guidelines if it is within the applicable guideline range (entered in Item 6 of Worksheet D). (See U.S.S.G. § 5C1.1.)

(WORKSHEET E, p. 2)

## 4. SUPERVISED RELEASE (U.S.S.G. ch 5., pt. D)

a. Imposition of a Term of Supervised Release (U.S.S.G. § 5D1.1)

The court must impose a term of supervised release if it imposes a term of imprisonment of more than one year, or if it is required to do so by statute. The court may impose a term of supervised release if it imposes a term of imprisonment of one year or less.

		b.	Length of Term of Supervised Release (U.S.S.G. § 5D1.2)
		1.	At least 3 years but not more than 5 years, where the count of conviction is a Class A or a Class B felony, i.e., an offense carrying a maximum term of imprisonment ≥ 25 years.
	<u>J</u>	2.	At least 2 years but not more than 3 years, where the count of conviction is a Class C or a Class D felony, i.e., an offense carrying a maximum term of imprisonment $\geq 5$ years but $\leq 25$ years.
		3.	1 year, where the count of conviction is a Class E felony or a Class A misdemeanor, i.e., an offense carrying a maximum term of imprisonment > 6 months but < 5 years.
		4.	The statute of conviction requires a minimum term of supervised release of months.
		c.	Conditions of Supervised Release (U.S.S.G. § 5D1.3)
			The court must impose certain conditions of supervised release and may impose other conditions of supervised release.
5.	REST	TITU	UTION (U.S.S.G. § 5E1.1)
		1.	The court will determine whether restitution should be ordered and in what amount.
		2.	Full restitution to the victim(s) of the offense(s) of conviction is <i>required</i> by statute. ( <i>See, e.g.</i> , 18 U.S.C. §§ 3663A, 2327.) The parties agree that full restitution is \$
		3.	The parties agree that the court may order restitution to the victim(s) of the offense(s) of conviction in any amount up to and including \$ (See 18 U.S.C. §§ 3663(a)(3).)
		4.	The parties agree that the court may <i>also</i> order restitution to persons other than the victim(s) of the offense(s) of conviction. (See 18 U.S.C. §§ 3663(a)(1)(A), 3663A(a)(3).)
	$\neg$ /	5.	Restitution is not applicable.

$6. \qquad \text{FINE (U.S.S.G. § 5E)}$	1.2)
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а	Fines	for	Indiv	zidual	<u>Defendants</u>
а.	1 11103	101	11141	, ianai	17 V 1 V 1 V 1 V 1 V 1 V 1 V 1 V 1 V 1 V

The court must impose a fine unless "the defendant establishes that he [or she] is unable to pay and is not likely to become able to pay any fine." (See U.S.S.G. § 5E1.2(a).) Generally, the fine authorized by the guidelines is limited to the range established in the Fine Table. (See U.S.S.G. § 5E1.2(b).) However, there are exceptions to this general rule. (See U.S.S.G. § 5E1.2(b), (c)(4).)

b. Fine Range from Fine Table (U.S.S.G. § 5E1.2(c)(3))

<u>Minimum Fine</u>	<u>Maximum Fine</u>
\$6,000.	\$ 60,000.

# 7. SPECIAL ASSESSMENT(S) (U.S.S.G. § 5E1.3)

The court must impose a special assessment on every count of conviction. The special assessments for individual defendants are

\$100.00 for every count charging a felony (\$50.00 if the offense was completed before April 24, 1996)

- \$ 25.00 for every count charging a Class A misdemeanor,
- \$ 10.00 for every count charging a Class B misdemeanor, and
- \$ 5.00 for every count charging a Class C misdemeanor or an infraction.

The defendant must pay a special assessment or special assessments in the total amount of \$ \$ 100.60

NES, POLICY STATEMENTS, AND STATUTES
I

List any additional applicable guideline, policy statement, or statute.

9. UPWARD OR DOWNWARD DEPARTURE (U.S.S.G. ch. 5, pts. H & K)

List any applicable aggravating or mitigating circumstance that might support a term of imprisonment above below the applicable guideline range	or
(rev	. 06/99)